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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/017,426	12/18/2001	Ju Chun Yeo	8733.569.00	6363
30827 75	590 11/17/2005		EXAMINER	
MCKENNA LONG & ALDRIDGE LLP			SAID, MANSOUR M	
1900 K STREET, NW WASHINGTON, DC 20006			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2673	
			DATE MAILED: 11/17/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/017,426	YEO ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	MANSOUR M. SAID	2673			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	l. lety filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 Se	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
<ul> <li>4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-38 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) 4-24 and 27-38 is/are</li> <li>5) ☐ Claim(s) 25 and 26 is/are allowed.</li> <li>6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-3 is/are rejected.</li> <li>7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.</li> <li>8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or</li> </ul>	e withdrawn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the original than the original	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•				
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6/29/05.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:				

Art Unit: 2673

### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Electton/Restrtcttons

1. Applicant's election without traverse of claim 1-3 and 25-26 in the reply filed on September 22, 2005 is acknowledged.

## Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-3 and 25-26 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1 and 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fujikawa (6,683,669 B1).

As to claim 1, Fujikawa teaches a liquid crystal display device (column 1, lines 5-11 and column 4, lines 58-67) having an interconnection line part (connection wires, (figures 1, 3, 5 & 7, (7)) for applying a signal from a driving circuit to a liquid crystal display (column 4, lines 58-67 and column 7, lines 5-30) comprising: a substrate (figure 2, (1)), (column 7, lines 10-20 and column 13, lines 23-37); and a plurality of interconnection lines on the substrate (figures 1, 3, 5 & 7, (7)), wherein width of the

Art Unit: 2673

interconnection lines at a center portion and at outer portion (as clearly shows in figures 1, 3, 5 & 7, the width of the interconnection lines (connection wires) at a center portion and at an outer portion have the same width, and in figures 111-12 the width of the outer portion is greater than the width of the center portion) (column 4, lines 9-67, column 5, lines 1-67, and column 22, lines 14-23).

Fujikawa does not expressly teach that the interconnection lines at a center portion of the interconnection line part are greater than an outer portion.

However, it is a design choice that having the width of the center portion larger than the width of the output portion. In re Rose, 105 USPQ 237 (CCPA 1955).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art to have different structure of the interconnection lines (connection wires), so as to made the resistance of the connection wires uniform (column 5, lines 15-30).

As to claim 3, Fujikawa teaches all claimed limitations, such as, different size structure of the interconnection lines ((column 4, lines 9-67, column 5, lines 1-67, and column 22, lines 14-23), but he omits that the interconnection lines are thickly formed in only the first and second straight-line parts.

However, it is a design choice that having different size of the interconnection lines. In re Rose, 105 USPQ 237 (CCPA 1955).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art to have different structure of the interconnection lines (connection wires), so as to made the resistance of the connection wires uniform (column 5, lines 15-30).

Art Unit: 2673

5. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fujikawa in view of (Yamamoto et al. (2002/0030648 A1).

As to claim 2, wherein each respective interconnection line includes a straight-line part to which connected to gate lines or data lines of an LCD panel (column 21, lines 43-53; and a slanted part for connecting the straight-line part with the second straight-line part with the second straight line part (figures 1, 3, 5 & 7).

Fujikawa does not expressly disclose that the interconnection line includes a straight-line to which the driving IC is connected.

However, Yamamoto teaches the interconnection line includes a straight-line (figure 11, (112a) to which the driving IC (IC device, (figure 11, (67)) is connected (column 4, paragraph 0056).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate Yamamoto's liquid crystal device having an interconnection wire connected to IC so as to have a panel of a peripheral circuit and a liquid crystal display part integrally formed on a base, so that to increase the versatility of the display.

### Allowable Subject Matter

- 6. Claims 25-26 are allowed.
- 7. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance: "forming a plurality of data lines and data interconnection lines, the data lines connected to the source and drain regions and formed substantially perpendicular to the gate lines, so that first width of the data interconnection lines at in-a center portion of the data

Art Unit: 2673

interconnection line part is greater than a second width of the data interconnection lines at ((in)) an outer portion of the data interconnection line part and a capacitance of the data interconnection lines with the second active layer is gradually increased towards the center portion from the outer portion"

### Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Mizuno et al. (6,522,378 B1) teaches a liquid crystal display and an electrode width of intermediate connection wiring.

Kawaguchi (6,052,171) teaches an LCD with electrically connected integrated circuit and opposite voltage line between input and output wiring.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mansour M. Said

whose telephone number is 571-272-7679. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 7:00 A.M. to 5:30 P.M. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Bipin Shalwala whose telephone number is 571-272-7681.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

Art Unit: 2673

571-273-8300 (for Technology Center 2600 only)

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have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business

Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Mansour M. Said

11/9/05

Ficardo Osorio PRIMARY EXAMINER

Page 6